# DRY EYE



#### Moderate Meibomian Gland Dysfunction (MGD) and contact lenses



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#### **Key words**

Dry eye syndrome (DES) – Meibomian gland dysfunction (MGD)
Contact lenses – Ocular surface – Tear film – OSDI – C.STIM<sup>®</sup>
Intense pulsed light (IPL) – TFOS-DEW II

#### **Summary**

Diagnosis and treatment of a female patient who wears soft contact lenses and has **Dry Eye Syndrome (DES)** with **mild Meibomian Gland Dysfunction (MGD)**. A full diagnosis was performed by means of clinical examination and **C.STIM**<sup>®</sup> **intense pulsed light treatment** was initiated. After three months, **a reduction in symptoms was observed and contact lens comfort had improved throughout the day.** 



## **Patient history**

- 24-year-old woman
- Medical student
- Short-sighted, wears soft bi-monthly lenses
- Happy, but fluctuating vision at the end of the day when wearing lenses, with discomfort, stinging and gritty sensation



#### **SEPTEMBER 2022**

Clinical	OD		OS
	12 mmHg	IOP	11 mmHg
examination	10/10 Pa2 -4,00	VA	10/10 Pa2 -5,50
Eye examination:	Good centring Good movement Lipid and cosmetic deposits ++	Lenses	Good centring Good movement Lipid and cosmetic deposits +
Interview:	Clear fluo-	Corneas	Clear fluo-
	8 seconds	BUT	7 seconds
	Fine telangiectasia, cosmetic deposits +++ inside glands	Free margins	Fine telangiectasia, cosmetic deposits +++ inside glands
=> risk factor for DES - OSDI in lenses = 25	Incomplete	Blinking	Incomplete
<b>Slit lamp examination:</b> Cosmetic deposits +++ in the meibomian glands	Cosmetic deposits in the meibomian glands		Lipid and cosmetic deposits
Diagnosis			
	act lenses related to mild	Meibomiar	n Gland Dysfunction (
Significant deposits on cont causing evaporative Dry Eye	Syndrome (DES)		

## Focus on lipid deposits on lenses

- Linked to MGD: lipid deposition varies depending on:
  - the chemical composition of the lens material
  - variations in the composition of the tear film from one individual to another
  - blinking quality
  - environmental factors
- Aggravated by the current health context (working from home, increased screen time, wearing masks, etc.)
- **Prevention:** emphasise the importance of massaging/rinsing lenses, renew more frequently (fortnightly or every day)
- **Treatment:** optimise MGD treatment (eyelid care, blinking exercises, gentle CCTH treatment, I.P.L., etc.)

## **Initial treatment**

- Blinking exercises
- Eyelid care (heating and massaging of the eyelids)
- Instillation of low viscosity, preservative-free artificial tears onto lenses if necessary during the day
- Tips on lens care +++: massaging lenses after removal and before soaking, oxidising or multifunctional care products
- Avoid applying make-up to the free margin of the lower evelids

#### Two-month check-up

- Lenses are more comfortable, patient is carrying out the prescribed care (massaging/blinking)
- But still some discomfort and vision sometimes blurred at the end of the day
- Clinical examination: Mild MGD, presence of lipid deposits. no cosmetic deposits

#### C.STIM<sup>®</sup> IPL treatment initiated

Symptomatic treatment continued

### C.Stim<sup>®</sup> IPL treatment

- 3 sessions on D0, D15 and D45
- 4 shots per side per session at a fluence of 8 J/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Expression of meibum with forceps after each session

**NB:** Make sure lenses are removed before each session if very filmed over

## **Results at 3 months**

- Improvement in symptoms
- Lipid deposits no longer present on lenses
- Lenses much more comfortable throughout the day











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#### Conclusions

- Ocular surface examination and treatment of dry eye syndrome/MGD essential prior to any contact lens adjustment
- IPL treatment helps fight lipid deposits on lenses, which can cause discomfort and potentially lead to the patient giving up on lenses

#### Focus on Dry Eye Syndrome (DES) and contact lenses



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